



DEI, ESQ: Harnessing Artificial Intelligence for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

Cultural Competence

Technology, Privacy, and eCommerce



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A cause for concern?

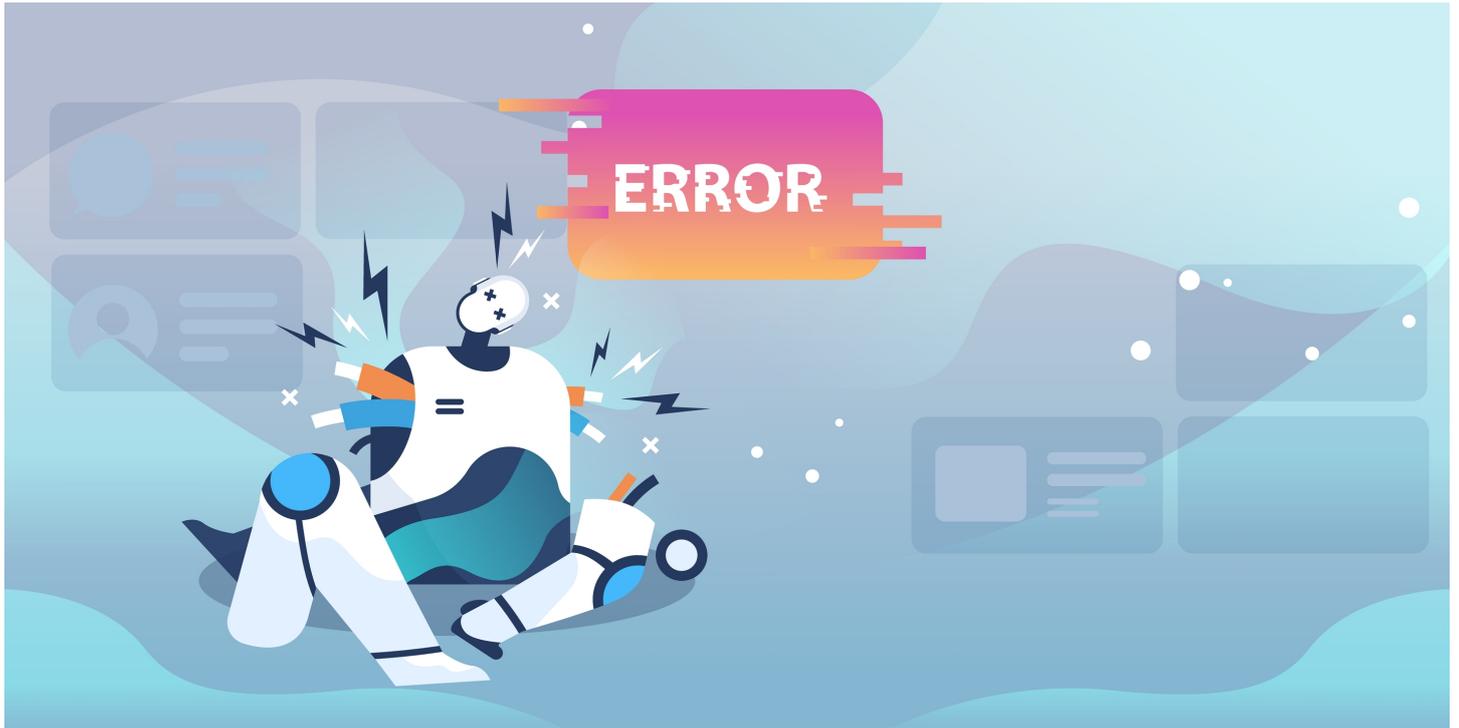
In recent years, the use of artificial intelligence (AI) has permeated various aspects of our lives, transforming industries and society alike. And it's no secret that a lot of the content published about the use of AI is focused on many of the potential harms — from bias in algorithms, to spread of misinformation, to employment displacement.

While there are concerns about bias and potential harms associated with AI, when properly designed and implemented, AI can be a powerful tool for promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) in the workplace and society at large. In this article, we will explore the potential benefits of AI for DEI, while offering tangible tips and suggestions for ensuring compliance with relevant laws and other legal framework.

Recognizing bias and harms

While not the focus of this article, before delving into the positive impact of AI on DEI, it is essential to at least acknowledge the bias and potential harms associated with its deployment. AI is only as good

as the data that feeds it. AI systems, when trained on biased data or developed without proper human oversight, can inadvertently perpetuate and amplify existing biases.



Without proper and adequate human training, AI technology can likely cause harm and produce inaccurate results. ProStockStudio / Shutterstock.com

For example, biased algorithms can lead to discriminatory outcomes in hiring practices or perpetuate racial and gender stereotypes in advertising. It is also important to understand that with data, correlation is not necessarily indicative of causality, which is why programmers have to be extremely diligent in understanding how AI draws conclusions. Additionally, it is a known phenomenon that generative AI has been known to hallucinate, or generate responses that may sound plausible but are factually incorrect, such as made up case law.

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The bottom line is the data AI learns from has to be high quality, and users need to be able to explain how results are reached. Perhaps the most important takeaway at this time is that AI is not a complete substitute for human oversight and involvement.

The potential of AI for DEI

Setting the gloom and doom aside, the possibilities of using AI for DEI is exciting. Here are a few ideas:

1. Bias detection and mitigation

AI can help identify and mitigate biases that exist within organizations and systems. By analyzing vast amounts of data, AI algorithms can flag instances of bias in hiring processes, compensation structures, or performance evaluations.

For example, AI can be used to analyze whether language that a manager is using in a performance evaluation is biased. The goal is that this awareness requires the manager to “check” their unconscious biases and remove them from playing a role in evaluating an employee’s performance. Alternatively, if the feedback is justified, it requires the manager to use different words so that the feedback is specific, tangible, and objective.



AI systems can create an easier and less time consuming hiring process as it can mitigate biases in diverse candidate data pools. Golden Sikorka / Shutterstock.com

2. Diverse candidate sourcing

AI-powered tools can help organizations expand their candidate pool and reach out to individuals from diverse backgrounds. By leveraging AI for talent acquisition, employers can remove unconscious biases from the hiring process, increase the chances of discovering talented candidates from underrepresented groups, and build more diverse teams. For example, AI can be used to strip gendered or biased language from job postings that may dissuade some candidates from applying because they don’t “see themselves” in the job description. It can also be used to remove personal identifiable information from resumes so that hiring panels are focusing on skillset and experience rather than personal information that may result in hiring decisions being made on affinities as opposed to qualifications.

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3. Inclusive communication and accessibility

AI can contribute to fostering inclusive communication by providing tools for automatic translation, transcription, and summarization. These technologies can enhance collaboration among teams with diverse linguistic backgrounds and assist individuals with hearing impairments. By making communication more accessible, AI helps to create an inclusive environment for all employees.



An AI-powered translation tool that assists impaired individuals is one example of how AI contributes to creating an inclusive work environment for all team members. *anSiberian Art / Shutterstock.com*

4. Personalized learning and development

AI-powered learning platforms can deliver personalized training and development programs tailored to individual employees. This approach ensures that employees from different backgrounds receive equal opportunities for growth and advancement, regardless of their starting point. By accounting for diverse learning styles and needs, AI can facilitate an inclusive learning culture within organizations.

Tips for ensuring compliance with current and future laws

1. Diverse and representative datasets

To minimize bias in AI systems, organizations should prioritize data collection from diverse sources in the design and development of AI systems with the goal of building comprehensive datasets that accurately reflect the diversity of the population.

2. Regular auditing and testing

To identify and rectify potential biases or discriminatory outcomes, organizations should continuously evaluate their algorithms for fairness and consider conducting third-party audits (someone other than the vendor selling the product to the organization) to provide an unbiased assessment.

3. Transparent decision-making processes

Organizations should ensure that the decision-making processes driven by AI are explainable and provide clear justifications for outcomes. Organizations should also be transparent with candidates and employees regarding the use of AI, including why and how it's used. This transparency can help individuals understand and address potential biases while also building trust with candidates and employees who are being evaluated by AI.

4. Compliance with legal and ethical frameworks

Organizations should familiarize themselves with existing laws and regulations concerning AI, such as data protection and anti-discrimination legislation, including the obligation to provide accommodations to those who cannot use AI or need assistance with AI. Staying informed about emerging legal frameworks is equally important to ensure ongoing compliance and to adapt AI systems accordingly.

Transforming AI in the workplace

While bias and potential harms exist in the realm of AI, it is essential to recognize the transformative potential of this technology in promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion. By proactively addressing bias, fostering inclusive practices, and adhering to current and future laws, organizations can harness AI as a powerful tool designed to make people of various backgrounds feel welcome and ensure they have support to perform to their fullest potential in the workplace.

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[Olesja Cormney](#)



Managing Counsel, Labor and Employment

Toyota Motor North America, Inc.

Olesja Cormney is managing counsel in the labor and employment group for Toyota Motor North America, Inc., a mobility company headquartered in Plano, TX. She is a strategic counsel and a proactive problem solver, offering an innovative perspective and an agile approach based on her prior business experience. Cormney is honored to be on the board of the ACC Dallas Fort-Worth Chapter.

[Jane Howard-Martin](#)



Vice President and Assistant General Counsel

Toyota Motor North America, Inc.

Jane Howard-Martin is vice president and assistant general counsel for Toyota Motor North America, Inc. (TMNA) and manages the Labor, Employment, Immigration, Benefits and Trade Secrets practice. Howard-Martin leads the labor and employment practice group that is responsible for providing legal advice and counsel and managing litigation and labor matters for a workforce of 33,993 based in our North America affiliates, including the nine North American Manufacturing Centers (NAMCs), R&D, Finance, and Headquarters functions.

Prior to joining Toyota in 2003, Howard-Martin was a partner with Morgan, Lewis and Bockius, LLP in their Los Angeles and Pittsburgh offices, and previously was a partner at Kirkpatrick & Lockhart in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Howard-Martin has been featured in a number of publications and symposiums. She authored a column on employment issues for USA Today.com, a treatise on Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act and served on the Editorial Review Board of the Pennsylvania Labor Letter. Howard-Martin also appeared as a panelist on MSNBC's "Today in America" on the issue of harassment. She is a frequent speaker on employment law topics at various conferences including those held by the ABA, the National Employment Law Council, and the American Employment Law Council. In November 2020, Howard-Martin received the ABA Honorable Bernice B. Donald Diversity, Equity and Inclusion in the Legal Profession Award. She is the past President (2009) and currently serves on the board of directors of the California Employment Law Council and is also a board member of the American Employment Law Council. She is also a fellow with the College of Labor and Employment Lawyers.

Howard-Martin earned a BA from Harvard University in 1979 and received her juris doctorate degree from Harvard Law School in 1982.

She lives in Los Angeles with her husband, Gus Martin, who is on the faculty at California State University, Dominguez Hills. In her free time, she enjoys ballroom and hip-hop dancing, trying international recipes, writing historical fiction, and travel.

[Connie Almond](#)



Managing Counsel, Labor and Employment

Toyota Motor North America, Inc.

Connie Almond is managing counsel in the labor and employment law group for Toyota Motor North America, Inc., a mobility company headquartered in Plano, TX.

[Jennifer N. Jones](#)



Managing Counsel, Labor and Employment

Toyota Motor North America, Inc.

Jennifer Jones is managing counsel in the labor and employment group at Toyota Motor North America, Inc. She has over a decade of experience counseling employers on a broad range of labor and employment law issues. As one of the founding members of DEI, Esq., she has a deep passion for diversity, equity, and inclusion, and has authored many articles and participated in many panels on the subject. She also sits on the board of two nonprofit organizations, both with a mission of ensuring that children from disadvantaged backgrounds have access to quality secondary and post-secondary education. In her free time, Jones strives to be a “fun mom” for her two small children while keeping up with the latest and greatest in interior design.

[Meyling "Mey" Ly Ortiz](#)



Managing Counsel, Labor and Employment

Toyota Motor North America, Inc.

Meyling "Mey" Ly Ortiz is managing counsel of employment at Toyota Motor North America, Inc. Her passions include mentoring, championing diversity and inclusion and a personal blog: [TheMeybe.com](https://www.themeybe.com). At home, you can find her doing her best to be a "fun" mom to a toddler and a preschooler and chasing her best self on her Peloton. You can follow her on [LinkedIn](#). And you knew this was coming: her opinions are hers alone.

